



Targeting CD47 in Cutaneous T-cell Lymphomas

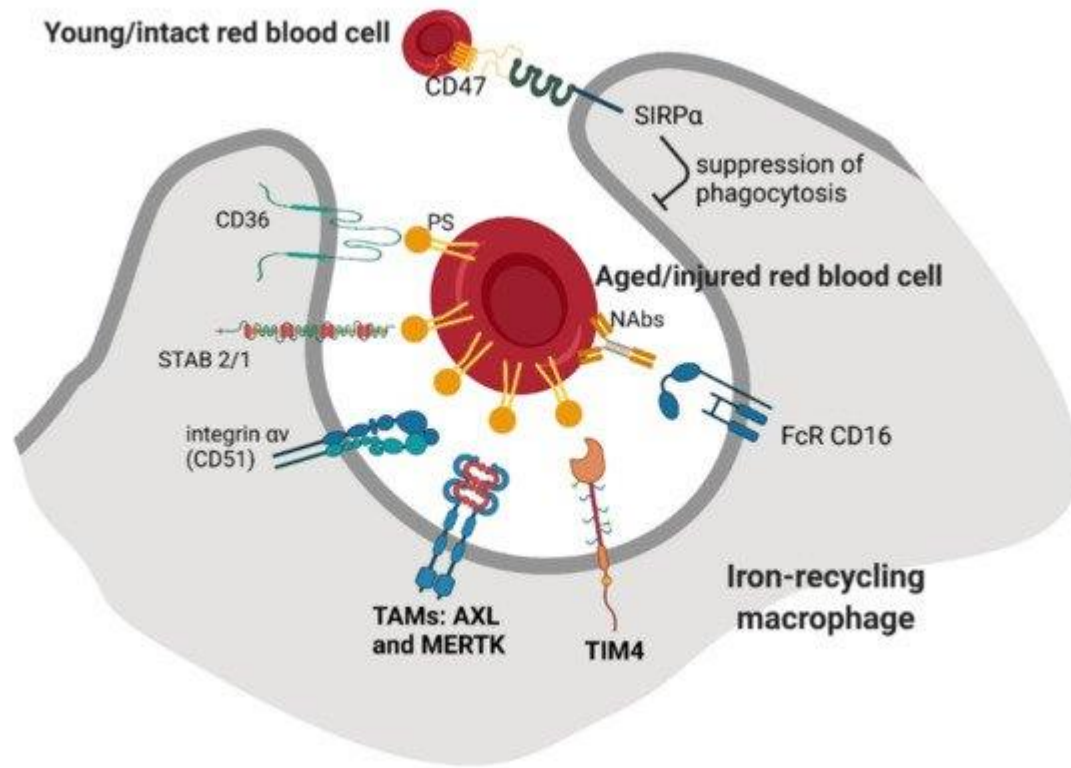
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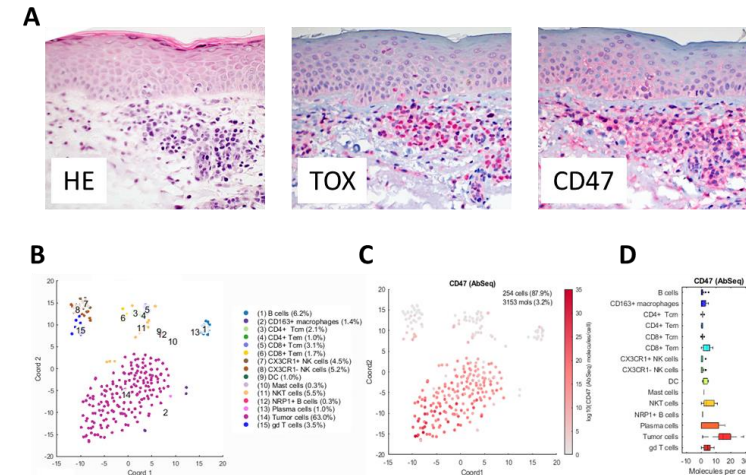
Conflict of Interests

- Research support: Adaptive Biotechnology, Pfizer, Kyowa Kirin, Actelion, Trillium Therapeutics, Mallinckrodt
- Site Principal Investigator: Eisai, Innate Pharma, Tellomak, Corvus
- Advisory Board: Trillium Therapeutics, CHRISPR Therapeutics, SkinJect, Citius Pharma, Castle Bioscience, Bioniz, Almiral
- Speakers Bureau: Kyowa Kirin, Helsin

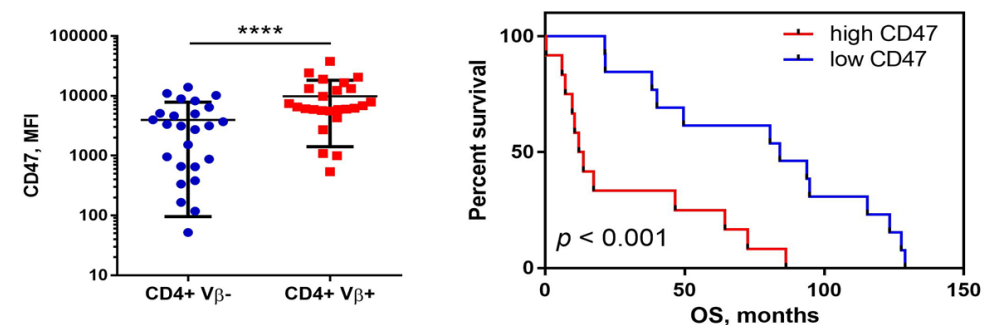
CD47 is a marker of self on all normal cells known to regulate cell turnover



[Slusarczyk et al Genes, 2021]

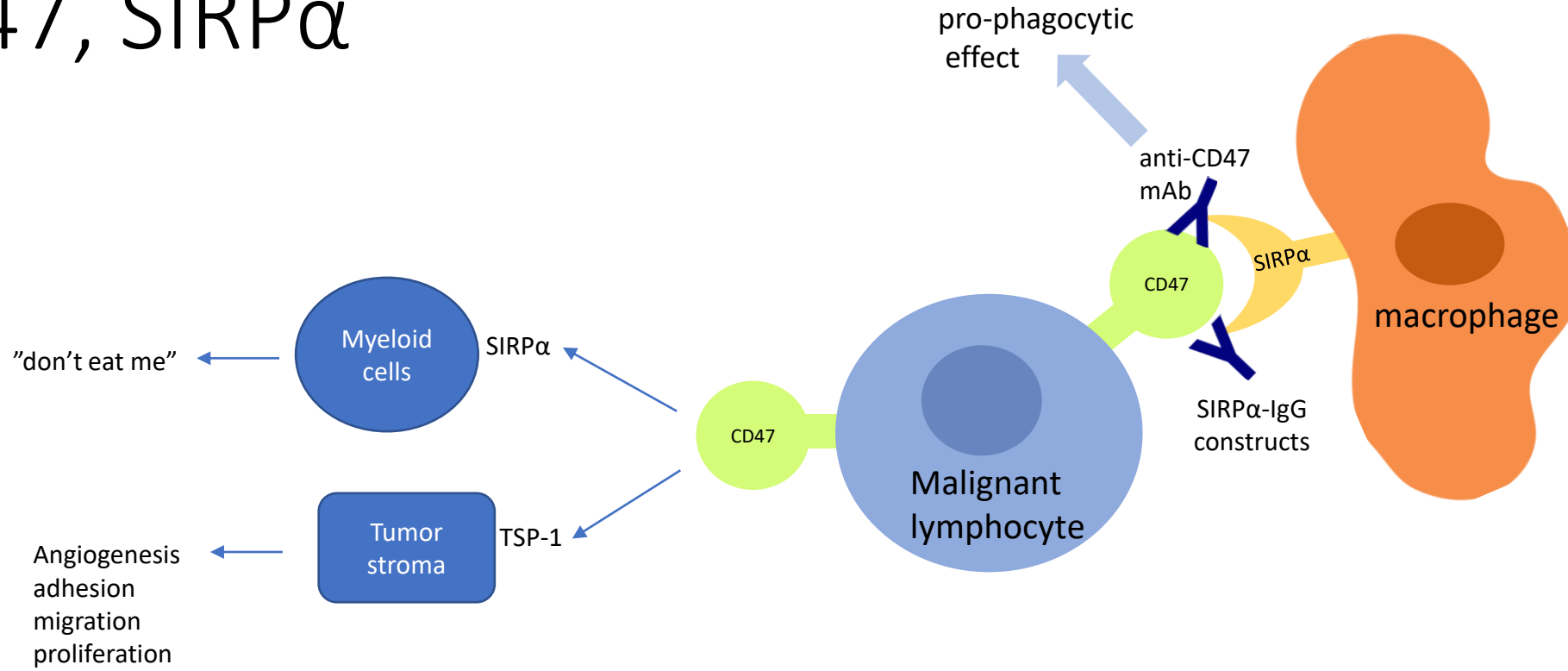


[Kruglov O, ... Akilov OE. Cancer Immunol Immunother, 2022]

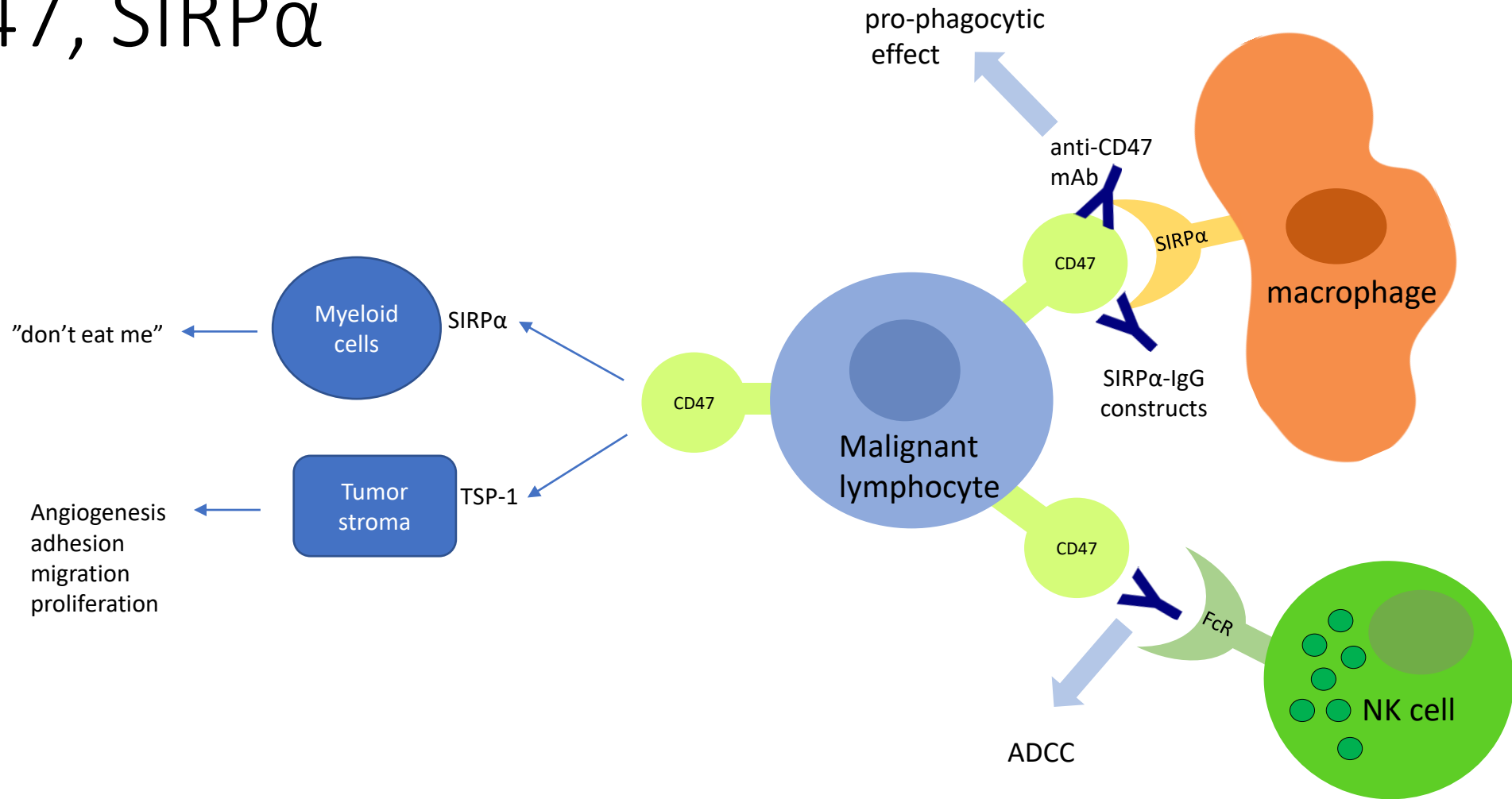


[Johnson L, ..., Akilov OE. Blood Adv. 2019]

CD47, SIRP α



CD47, SIRP α

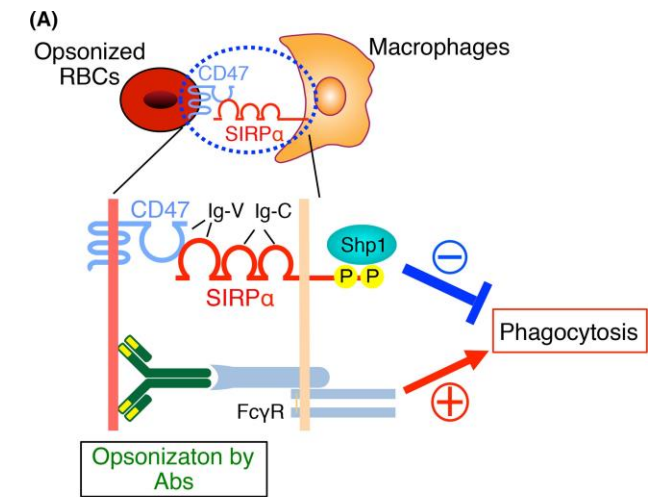


Anti-CD47 antibodies

Company	FortySeven/ Gilead	Arch Oncology		I-MAB Biopharma	Cellgene	Surface Oncology	Jiangsu HengRui Medicine
Candidate	Magrolimab (5F9)	AO-176	Ti-061	TJ011133 (TJC4)	CC-90002	SRF231	SHR 1603
Molecule	mAB	mAb	mAb	mAb	mAB	mAb	mAb
Fc isotype	IgG4	IgG2	IgG4	IgG4	IgG4-PE	IgG4	IgG4
Lead indication	MDS/AML; DLBL Solid tumors B cell lymphoma Colorectal cancer Hematologic MF	Solid tumors; MM; Preclinical: lymphoma and TLL	Solid tumors	R/R solid tumors and lymphoma	Not been used as monotherapy R/R NHL in combination	B cell lymphoma, R/R solid tumors	Advanced CA; hematologic CA
RBC binding	yes	low			yes		
Combination	+Rituximab +Cetuximab +Azacitidine + cabazitaxel + mogalizumab	+ Pembro +paclitaxel			+ Rituximab	No CR/PR 4 mg/kg >90% R occupancy	

Efficacy of anti-CD47 antibodies

- Most of the clinical trials in B cell lymphoma
 - Current trial are trying to demonstrate the synergistic effect of the combination of anti-CD47 blockade with rituximab
- Margolimab 63% ORR and 42% CR in AML; no data in CTCL
 - Currently, a trial of margolimab + mogamulizumab run by Dr. Khodadoust at Stanford
- IgG2 based antibody will not be used as monotherapy
- Given the ubiquitous expression of CD47, mAbs targeting CD47 has a high “drug sink” of erythrocytes, platelets, and other CD47-expressing cells, leading to on-target anemia and rapid elimination
 - anti-SIRP α constructs



[Murata et al. Cancer Science, 2018]

SIRP α protein constructs

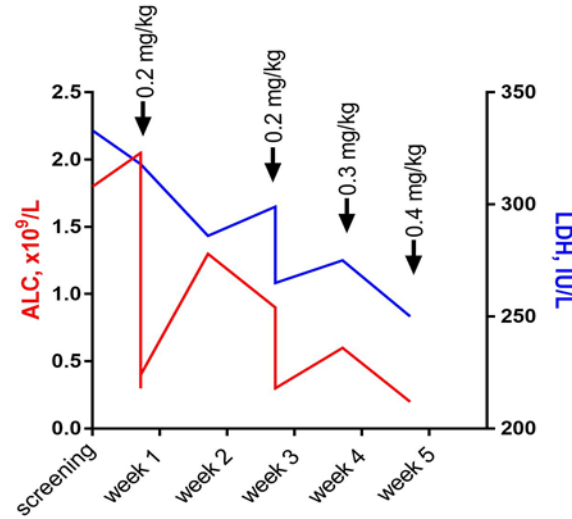
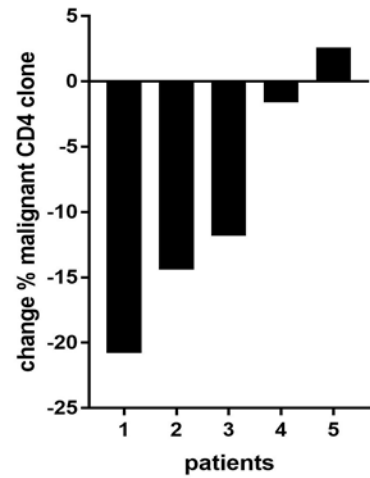
	SIRP α protein constructs			
Company	Trillium Therapeutics		ALX Oncology	Weisskopf's group
Candidate	TTI-621	TTI-622	ALX-148	CV1
Molecule	WT SIRP α -IgG1 Fc fusion	WT SIRP α -IgG4 Fc fusion	WT SIRP α -IgG1 fusion with inactive Fc	Truncated SIRP α protein
Lead indication	PTCL Hematologic malignancies	Advanced Hematologic Malignancies, Including Lymphoma, Leukemia, and Multiple Myeloma.	Head and neck SCC (phase II) HER2+ gastric/gastroesophageal cancer (phase II/III), breast ca, NHL, myelodysplastic syndromes, AML (phase I/II)	Preclinical: lymphoma; breast CA
Rbc binding?	No RBC binding	No RBC binding	+RBC binding	
Combinations in clinical trials	+ PD1/PDL1 + Peg-IFN- α 2a		+ pembrolizumab + Trastuzumab	+rituximab + trastuzumab

Efficacy

- ALX148: NHSCC trial
 - ALX148 + pembro = ORR 40%
 - Pembro alone = ORR 18%
- ALX148 AE: infusion related reactions, chills, fatigue, nausea, pyrexia, pruritis, diarrhea, and thrombocytopenia
- Abx have poor tissue penetration due to their high molecular weights
 - The solution is a small proteins
 - High-affinity variants of CD47 with N-terminal peptide extension, Velcro-CD47
 - A truncated SIRP α variant, CV1 (Weisskopf's group)

TTI-621 IV trial

Blood response



screening

week 4

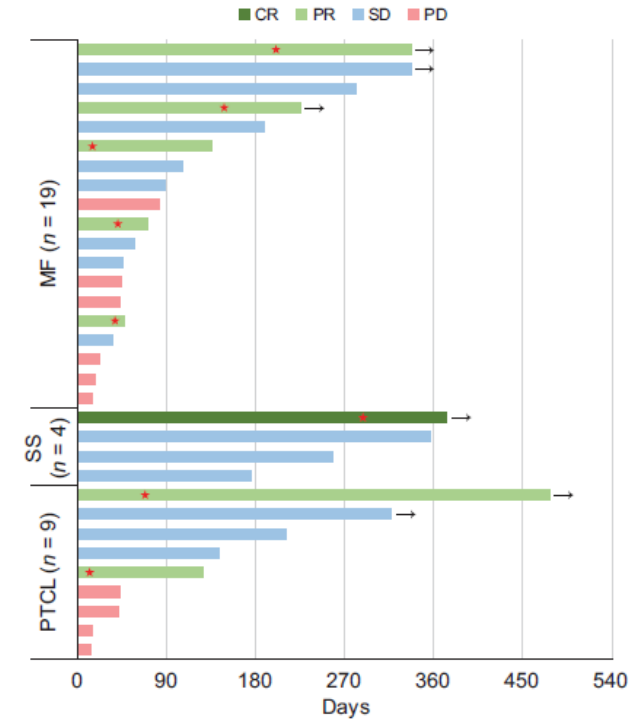
[Johnson L, ..., Akilov OE. Blood Adv. 2019]

All compartments

Best response in patients with T-cell lymphoma

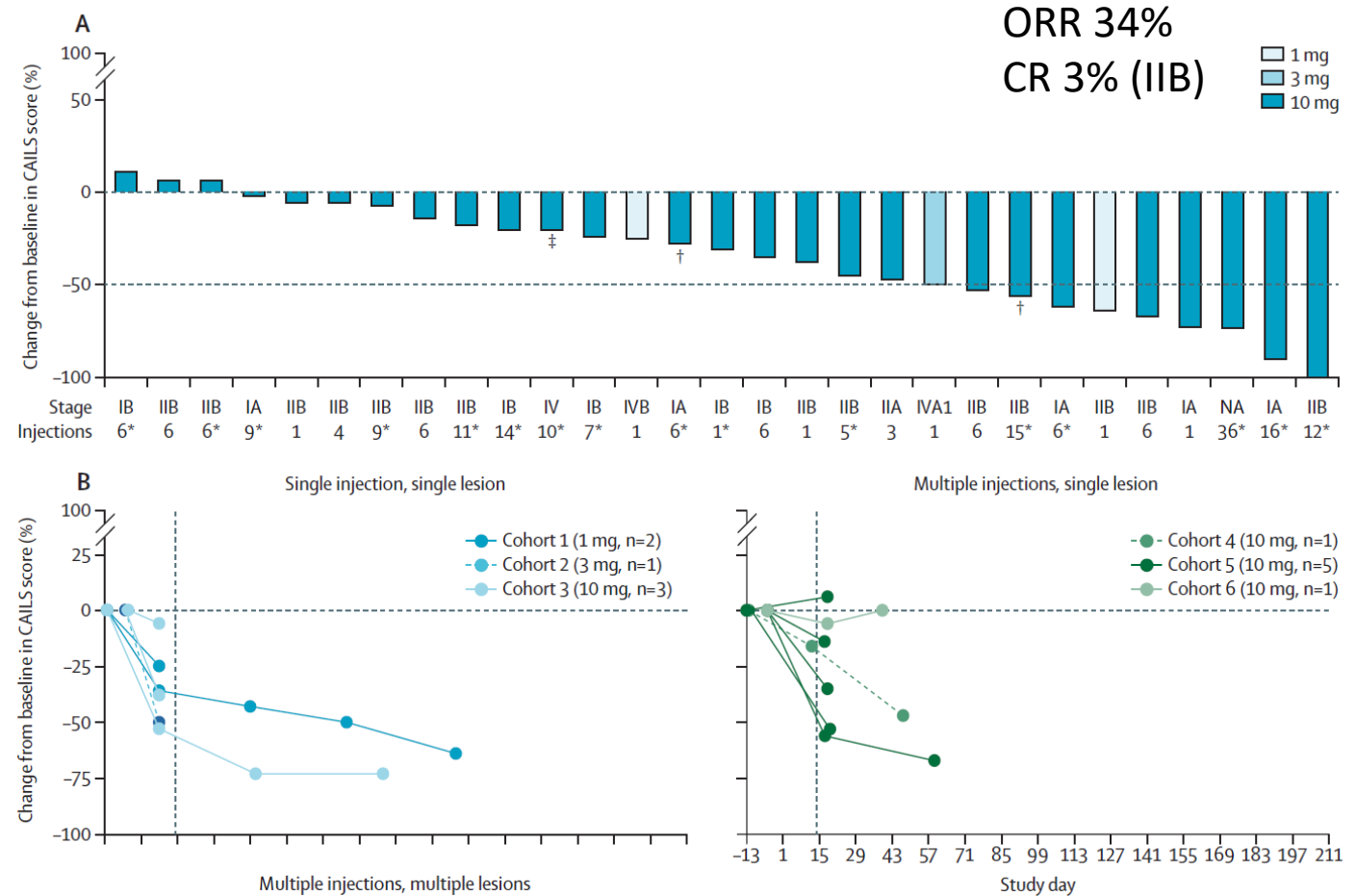
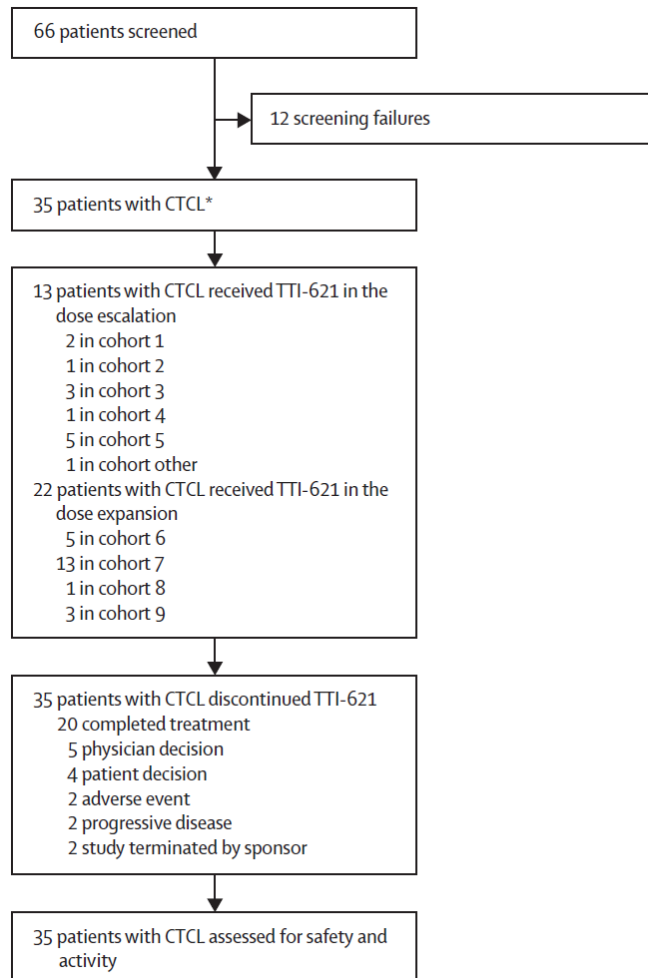
	n	Response, n (%)			Median (range) time to response, d	Median (range) treatment duration, d
		CR	PR	Total		
MF	19	0	5 (26)	5 (26)	50 (23-218)	135 (41-338)
SS	4	1 (25)	0	1 (25)	303 (303-303)	373 (373-373)
PTCL	9	0	2 (22)	2 (22)	50 (20-79)	302 (127-477)
Total	32	1 (3)	7 (22)	8 (25)	65 (20-303)	181 (41-477)

ORR 21%
CR 3% (SzS)



[Ansell S, et al. Clin Cancer Res, 2021]

TTI-621 IL trial



[Querfeld C,... Akilov OE. Lancet Hematol, 2021]

TTI-621 IL trial

Injected Lesion – T01 (Left Calf)



Screening

End of Week 7

End of Week 11

Distal Non-Injected Lesion – Abdomen



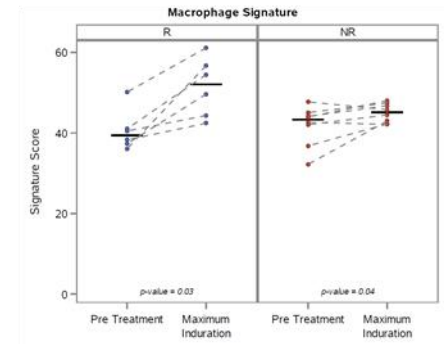
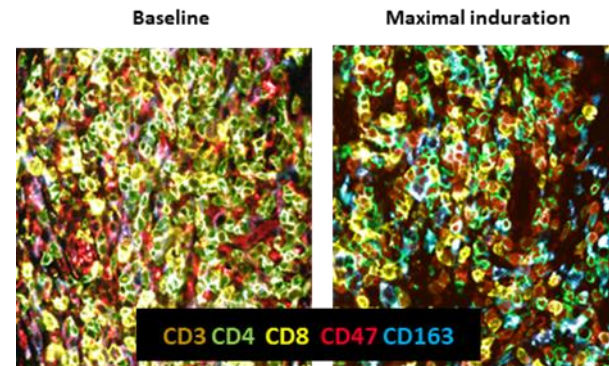
Screening

End of Week 2

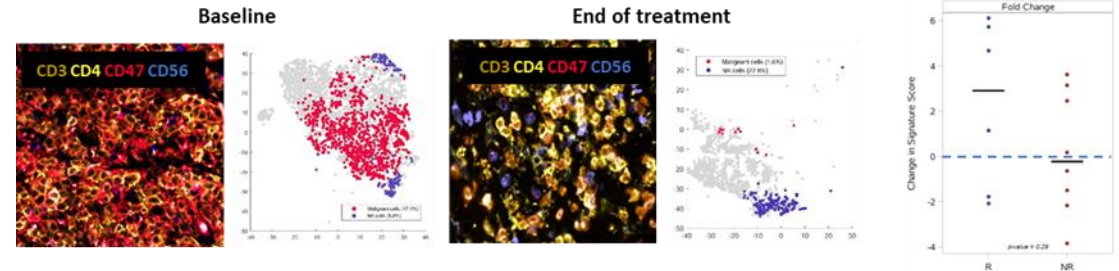
End of Week 9

[Patient of Dr. Querfeld]

Infiltration by CD163+ cells



Decrease of CD47 cells and an increase of CD56 cells



[Querfeld C,.... Akilov OE. Lancet Hematol, 2021]

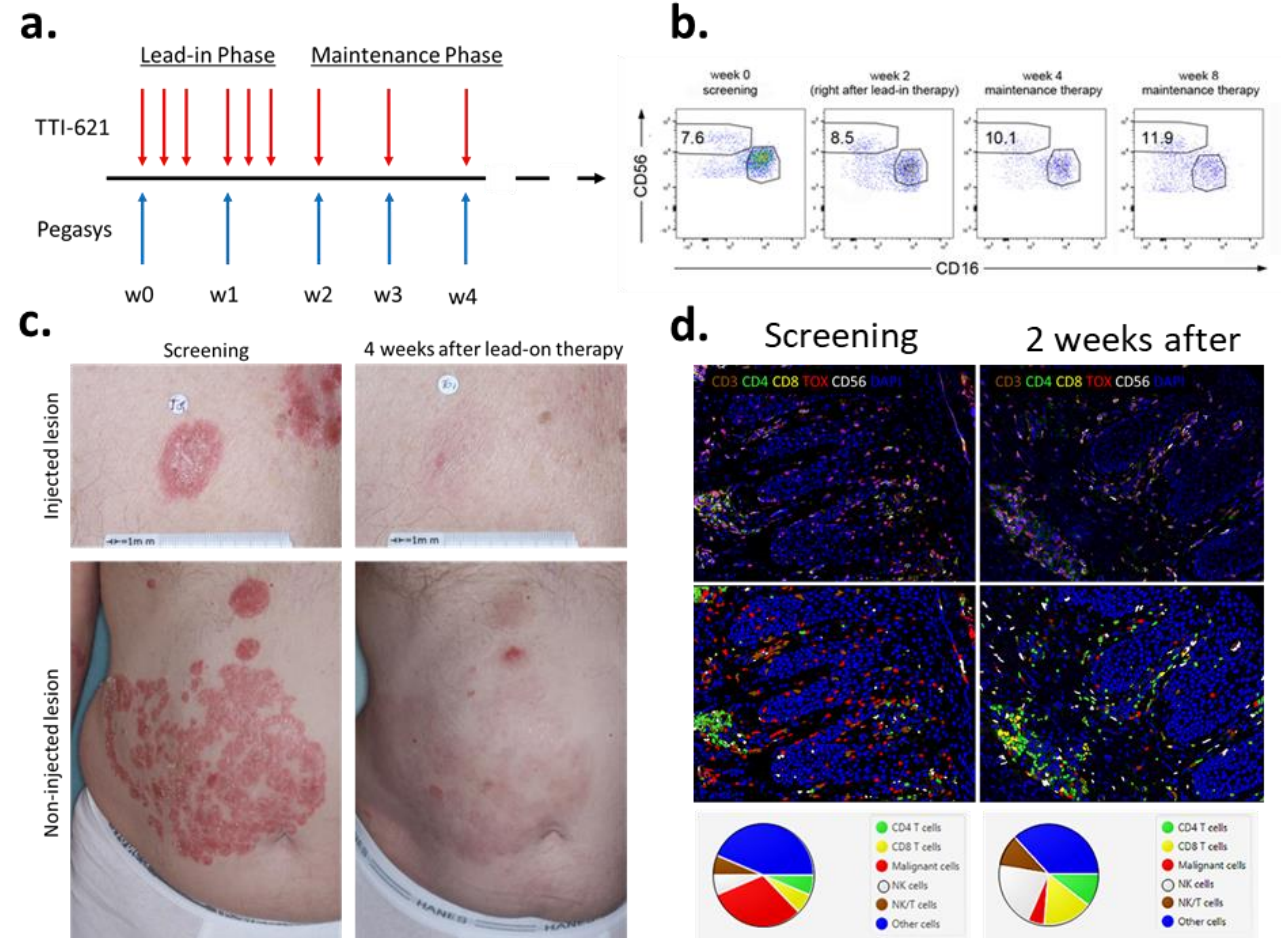
Clinical response to TTI-621+PEG-IFN- α 2a is associated with an increase of NK cells in the peripheral blood and skin after treatment



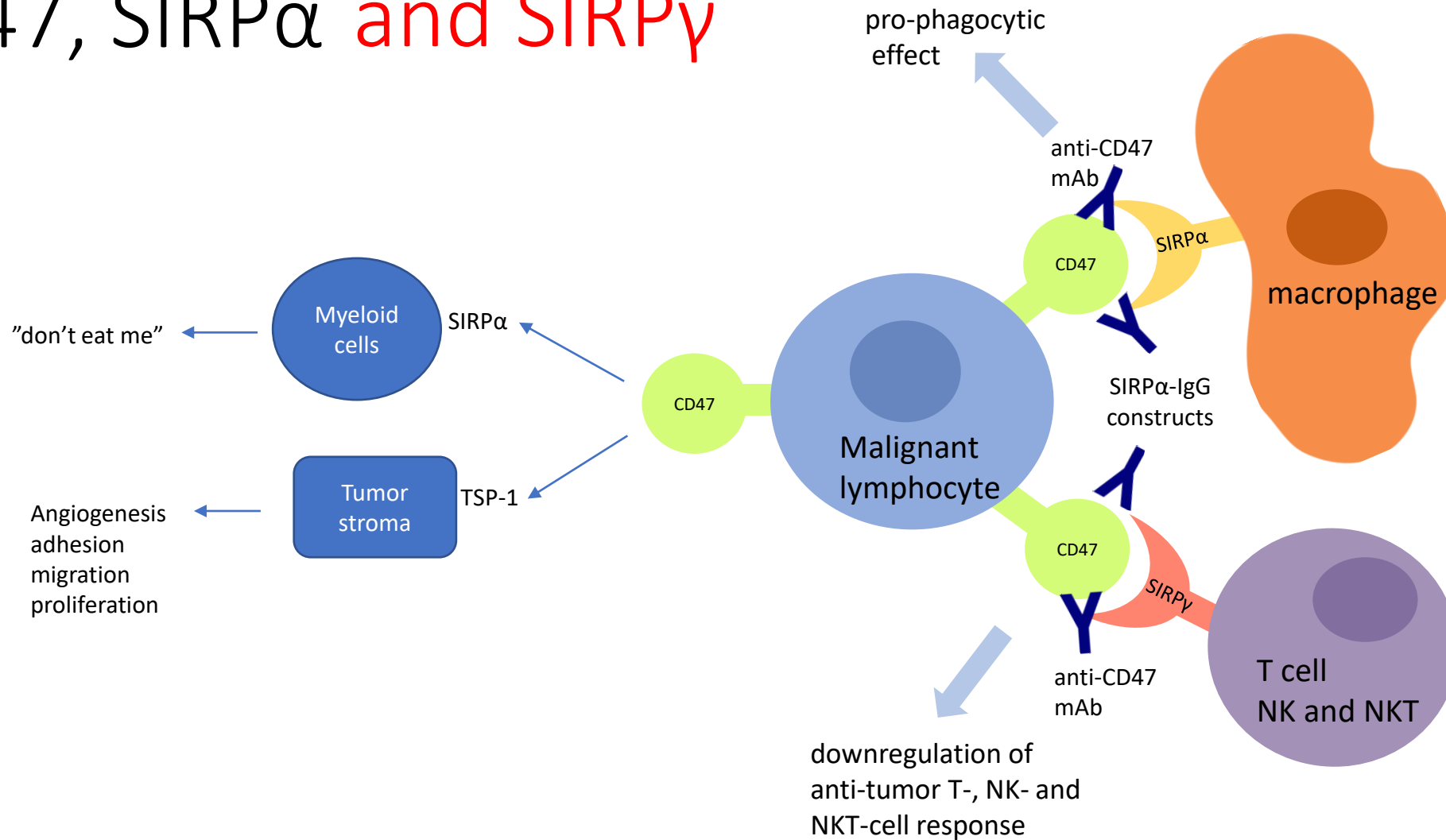
Before injection of TTI-621

6 injections of TTI-621
+ 2 injections of PEG-IFN- α 2a

Maintenance
PEG-IFN- α 2a weekly



CD47, SIRP α and SIRP γ

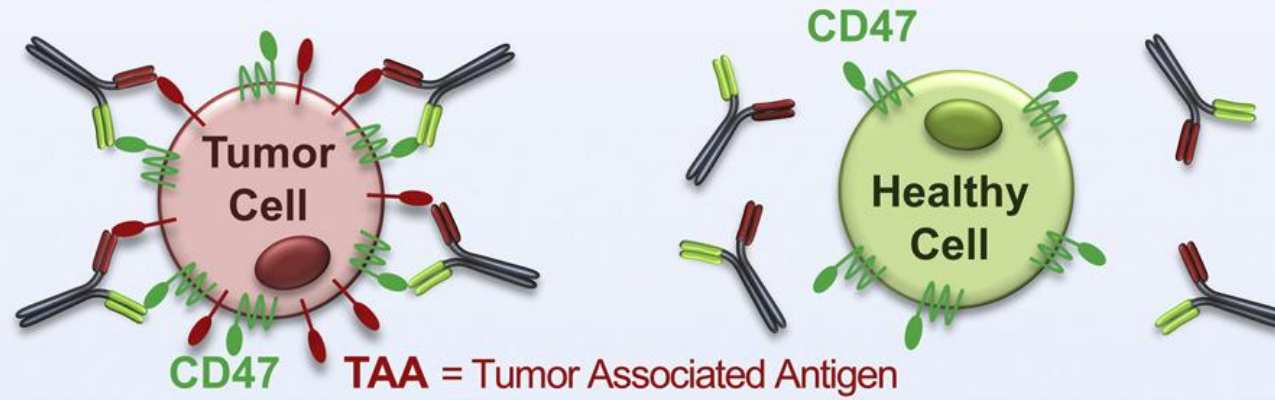


Anti-SIRP α antibody

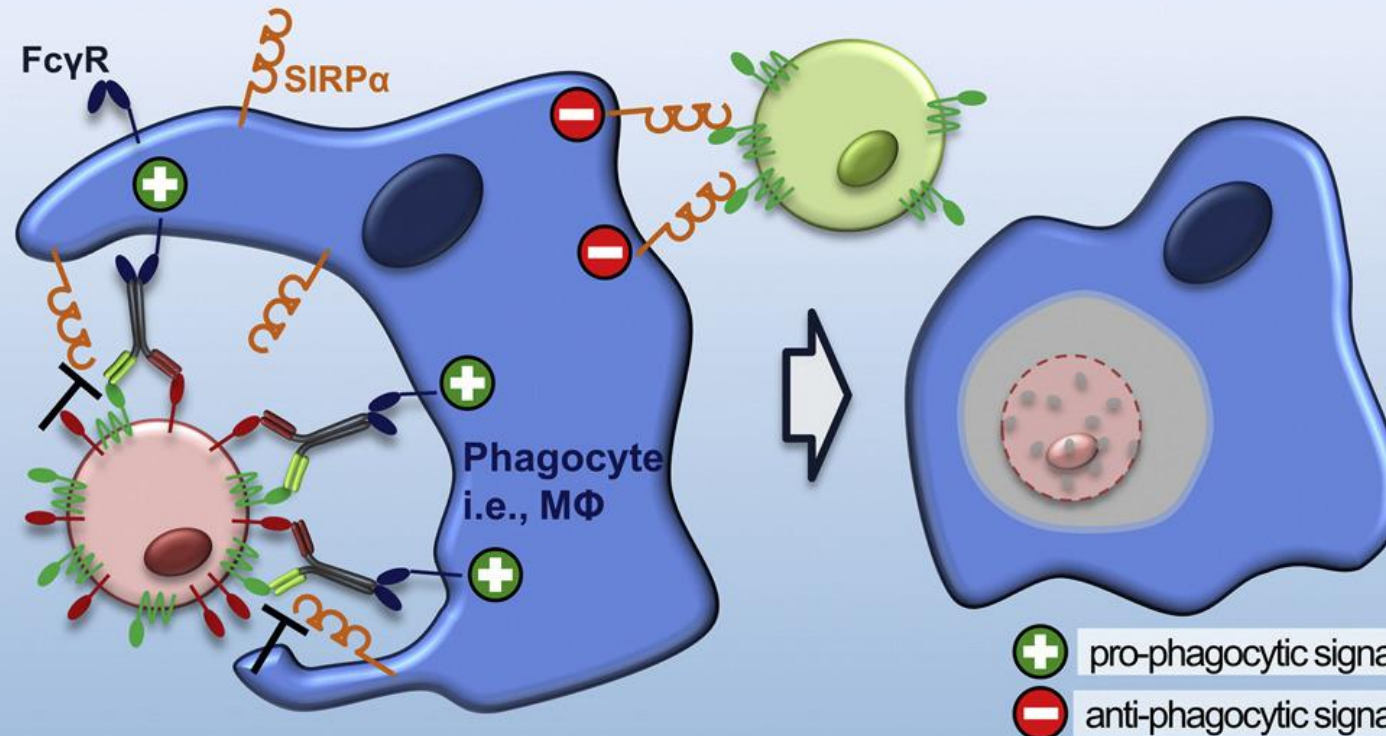
	SIRP α antibody	
Company	Celgene	OSE Immunotherapeutics
Candidate	CC-95251	BI 765063 (OSE-172)
Molecule	mAb	mAb IgG4
Lead indication	Solid tumors, heme CA	Advanced solid tumors
Rbc binding?	No	No
Combinations in clinical trials	+ Rituximab + Cetuximab	+ PD-1 inhibitor (ezabenlimab)

- No anemia/thrombocytopenia
- Stimulate T-cell recruitment in TME
- Work best in tumors rich in TILs
- Anti-SIRP α Abx increase PD-L1 expression on tumor cells 2 weeks after the first dose
- BI 765063 does not increase phagocytosis when used alone
- Explored in combinations

CD47-blocking bispecific antibodies selectively bind tumor cells



Neutralizing CD47-SIRP α interaction increases tumor cell phagocytosis



[Dheilily et al Molecular Therapy, 2016]

Bispecific antibody

	Bispecific antibody			
Company	Waterstone Hanxbio Pty Ltd (Australia)	Innovent Biologics (China)	Shattuck Labs	Kahr Medical
Candidate Molecule	HX009 CD47/PD1	IBI322 CD47/PDL1	SL-172154 SIRPα/40L	DSP107 SIRPα/41BB
Lead indication	advanced solid tumors	lung, cervical, esophageal, HNSCC and liver CA	Platinum-resistant ovarian cancers	Non-small cell lung cancer, SCC, advanced solid tumors
Rbc binding?	1/21 pts had anemia in prelim results	unknown	minimal	unknown
Combinations in clinical trials			Many combinations for future clinical trials	Lymphoma express 41BB (CD137) * preclinical studies in DLBCL* Need PD1 + atezolizumab (PD-L1)

Tumor cells

Macrophages

T-cells

Conclusions and future directions

- There is no panacea:
 - IMT: multi-target approach (is there hope for tetramers?)
 - IMT: innate and adaptive immune response:
 - APC induction (in vivo expansion with Flt3L, STING or TLR agonist)
 - early engagement of CD8 and NK cells
 - attraction of TILs in TME
 - checkpoint inhibition (Tim3, LAG3, BTLA and other)
 - sustainability of adaptive immune response
 - Combinations

